Chronology

July 14, 1789	After years of financial struggle and volatile class relations, the French Revolution begins with the storming of the Bastille prison.
February 13, 1790	The National Assembly prohibits monastic vows and abolishes all religious orders, except those dedicated to teaching and charity.
November 27, 1790	Priests throughout France are required to sign an oath of loyalty to the new French nation.
February 11, 1799	Basil Anthony Mary Moreau is born in the French village Laigné-en-Belin.
July 15, 1801	Concordant between Rome and the Emperor Napoleon, restoring Roman Catholicism in France.
1814	Basil Moreau begins high school and then matriculates to St. Vincent's, the diocesan seminary at Chateau-Gontier.
July 15, 1820	Father Jacques Dujarié founds the Brothers of St. Joseph
August 12, 1821	Moreau is ordained a priest at the Visitation convent in Le Mans, France.
1821-1823	Father Moreau spends two years studying at the seminary St. Sulpice in Paris where he encounters Father Gabriel Mollevaut who serves as his spiritual director for twenty-five years.
May 26, 1825	Father Moreau appointed professor of Dogmatic Theology at St. Vincent's Seminary, Le Mans.
1833	Moreau oversees the establishment of the Association of the Good Shepherd, a religious community of Sisters for whom Moreau would be superior until 1858.

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August 31, 1835	Father Jacques Dujarié resigns as leader of the Brothers of St. Joseph; Moreau is appointed as the new superior.
1835	Father Moreau founds the Auxiliary Priests.
March 1, 1837	The Brothers of St. Joseph and the Auxiliary Priests unite to form the Association of Holy Cross, a major step toward the formal creation of the family of Holy Cross.
April 28, 1840	First mission to Algeria sets off.
August 15, 1840	Moreau and four other priests profess vows as religious.
1840	Holy Cross sisters founded, known as the Marianites of Holy Cross.
August 5, 1841	Seven Holy Cross religious depart Le Mans to begin a mission in the United States: Father Edward Sorin; Brothers Vincent, Joachim, Law- rence, Mary, Gatien, and Anselm.
April 1852	The Sacred Congregation for the Propagation of the Faith begins reviewing the affairs of Holy Cross.
May 13, 1857	Pope Pius IX approves the constitutions of Holy Cross but separates the Marianites to develop as an independent congregation.
1860-1866	Period of financial and institutional struggle for Holy Cross, especially for Father Moreau.
August 1863	General chapter authorizes the creation of both a French and North American Province for the Con- gregation. French province established.
May 1865	North American Province established at Notre Dame, Indiana.
June 10, 1866	Pope Pius IX accepts Father Moreau's resignation as superior general of Holy Cross.

Chronology

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February 19, 1867	Constitutions and Rule of the Mariantes first approved by the Bishop of Le Mans.
July 1869	Marianites in the United States become an independent religious congregation known as the Sisters of the Holy Cross.
January 20, 1873	Father Basil Moreau dies at age seventy-three.
January 1883	Marianites in Canada become an independent religious congregation known as the Sisters of Holy Cross and of the Seven Dolors.
1955	The Cause of Father Moreau formally opens.
July 21, 1955	Moreau declared "Servant of God," the first of four stages toward canonization.
May 1961	The Promoter of the Faith for the Cause of Father Moreau submits to the Vatican Congregation of Rites the required supporting documents testify- ing to Father Moreau's heroic virtues, which are necessary for declaring him "Venerable."
October 1962	Pope John XXIII convenes the Second Vatican Council, postponing the Cause toward Moreau's canonization.
April 12, 2003	Father Moreau is declared "Venerable" by Pope John Paul II.
April 2006	Pope Benedict XVI promulgates an authorized miracle attributed to the intercession of Father Moreau, thus ensuring his beatification.